



GROUP | ANNUAL
FINANCIAL
RESULTS
2008

A **CONNECTED** UNIVERSE

HIGHLIGHTS 2008

Total customers increased by 12.7% to 34.0 million

- Customers increased by 7.9% to 24.8 million in South Africa
- Customers increased by 29.6% to 4.2 million in Tanzania
- Customers increased by 25.0% to 3.3 million in the Democratic Republic of Congo
- Customers increased by 41.6% to 395 thousand in Lesotho
- Customers increased by 29.8% to 1.3 million in Mozambique

Revenue increased by 17.1% to R48.2 billion

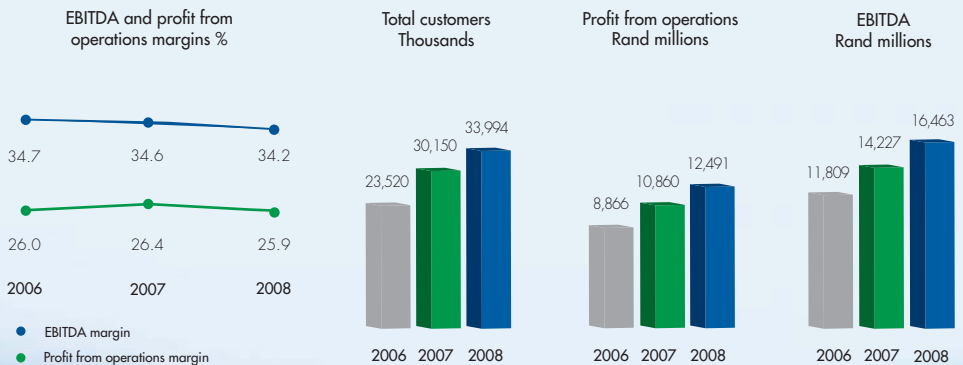
Profit from operations increased by 15.0% to R12.5 billion

EBITDA increased by 15.7% to R16.5 billion

Net profit after taxation increased by 21.3% to R8.0 billion

Cash generated from operations increased by 17.8% to R16.3 billion

Dividends declared to Group shareholders increased by 10.0% to R5.9 billion



Vodacom Group (Proprietary) Limited, South Africa's market leader in the provision of cellular services announces its results for the year ended March 31, 2008.

SOUTH AFRICA

Customers

The total number of customers increased by 7.9% to 24.8 million (2007: 23.0 million). The number of prepaid customers has increased by 6.4% to 21.2 million, while the number of contract customers has increased by 17.5% to 3.5 million.

The strong growth in customers was a direct result of the number of gross connections achieved, with continued levels of handset support to service providers in respect of the contract base, combined with decreased churn in the contract base.

Contract gross connections increased by 17.4% to 782 thousand (2007: 666 thousand), and prepaid gross connections increased by 11.1% to 11.2 million (2007: 10.1 million), bringing the total number of connections for the year to 12.0 million (2007: 10.9 million).

Loyalty and retention programmes continue to play an integral role in achieving the strategy of retaining market share and attracting new customers.

ARPU

During the period under review, total ARPU remained stable at R125 (2007: R125)

per month mainly as a result of the implementation of the supplementary disconnection rule during September 2007.

Contract customer ARPU has decreased by 6.0% to R486 (2007: R517) per month. The main contributing factor to this decrease was the rapid growth in data customers as well as in the low end top up packages.

The developing market segment, through the prepaid service continued to drive market penetration in 2008 with the prepaid service making up 93.4% (2007: 93.2%) of all gross connections. The prepaid customer ARPU remained stable at R62 (2007: R63) per month.

Community services ARPU decreased by 23.6% to R689 (2007: R902) per month due to increased competition.

Churn

The cost of acquiring contract customers in a highly developed market is considerable. Vodacom implemented upgrade and retention policies over the last few years to retain its customers. Through the continued high level of handset support to service providers and an improvement in service to customers, contract churn remained low at 8.3% (2007: 9.7%).

The prepaid market is characterised by low acquisition costs due to the flexibility required by this market to access

services. Prepaid churn increased during the year under review to 47.9% (2007: 37.5%) due to the supplementary disconnection rule implemented on prepaid customers. This change increased prepaid churn, but provides a better reflection of active prepaid SIM cards on the network.

Traffic and minutes of use

Total traffic increased with 11.7% to 22.8 billion (2007: 20.4 billion) minutes. This growth was due mainly to the 7.9% growth in the total customer base from 23.0 million to a base of 24.8 million at the end of March 31, 2008. Customer calling patterns continued the trend of the last few years where total mobile-to-mobile traffic increased with 13.5% while total mobile-to-fixed and fixed-to-mobile traffic only increased with 3.5%.

Minutes of use is reflective of voice trends outside and in excess of the bundle and showed a stabilised trend for the year under review. Contract minutes showed an 8.5% decrease to 172 (2007: 188) minutes per customer per month for 2008, as a result of high sales in hybrid products at the low end of the market; prepaid minutes showed a 2.1% decrease to 46 (2007: 47) minutes per customer per month in 2008.

Estimated market share

Despite strong competition, Vodacom remained the leader in the South African market with an estimated 55% (2007: 58%) market share as at March 31, 2008. The decline

in market share is a result of increased deletions on the prepaid customer base and renewed efforts by the existing competitors to increase their share of the gross connections of both contract and prepaid customers. The cellular industry in South Africa has grown by an estimated 10% since March 2007. The market penetration of the cellular industry is now an estimated 94% (2007: 84%) of the population with a total cellular market of approximately 45 million (2007: 40 million) customers. Prepaid customers continue to dominate the market and comprise an estimated 83% (2007: 83%) of the total cellular market.

NON-SOUTH AFRICAN OPERATIONS

Vodacom's non-South African operations provide world-class communication services to 9.2 million customers (2007: 7.1 million). Profit from these operations increased by 51.6% to R790 million.

Vodacom Tanzania achieved a milestone in its customer base. The customer base increased by 29.6% to 4.2 million (2007: 3.2 million) at March 31, 2008. The Tanzanian market remains highly competitive, but low mobile penetration, estimated at 20% of the population combined with current economic growth signals further potential. Vodacom Tanzania's estimated market share decreased slightly to 52% (2007: 55%) at March 31, 2008.

Vodacom Congo increased its customer base by 25.0% to 3.3 million (2007: 2.6 million) at March 31, 2008. Vodacom Congo retained its market lead with an estimated market share of 41% (2007: 47%) at March 31, 2008. The lower market share is the result of competitors cutting retail prices and offering various packages to attract new connections. The DRC has the lowest estimated mobile penetration of all Vodacom's

operations at 12% (2007: 9%) of the population.

Vodacom Lesotho is a small operation, but its estimated 80% market share at March 31, 2008 enables it to achieve high levels of profitability. Vodacom Lesotho increased its customer base by 41.6% to 395 thousand (2007: 279 thousand). Mobile penetration in Lesotho is now estimated at 26% (2006: 17%).

Vodacom Mozambique increased its customer base by 29.8% to 1,282 thousand (2007: 988 thousand) at March 31, 2008. Vodacom Mozambique increased its estimated market share to 40% (2007: 35%) despite tough economic conditions, by being the value leader in the market. Mobile penetration is estimated at 16% (2007: 14%).

REVENUE

Geographical split

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
South Africa, including holding companies	31,069	37,007	42,784	19.1	15.6
Tanzania	1,312	1,729	2,354	31.8	36.1
DRC	1,334	1,914	2,297	43.5	20.0
Lesotho	170	227	309	33.5	36.1
Mozambique	158	269	434	70.3	61.3
Revenue	34,043	41,146	48,178	20.9	17.1

Revenue composition

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% of total			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Airtime, connection and access	20,085	23,708	27,095	58.9	57.7	56.2	18.0	14.3
Data	2,038	3,342	5,002	6.0	8.1	10.4	64.0	49.7
Interconnection	6,697	7,835	8,887	19.7	19.0	18.5	17.0	13.4
Equipment sales	3,986	4,699	5,052	11.7	11.4	10.5	17.9	7.5
International airtime	971	1,306	1,836	2.9	3.2	3.8	34.5	40.6
Other sales and services	266	256	306	0.8	0.6	0.6	(3.8)	19.5
Revenue	34,043	41,146	48,178	100.0	100.0	100.0	20.9	17.1

Revenue increased by 17.1% for the year to March 31, 2008 boosted by a 49.7% increase in data revenue. The increase in

revenue was mainly driven by a 12.7% increase in the customer base to 34.0 million customers. Prepaid customers represent

88.8% (2007: 89.4%) of the total customer base.

Data revenue

Geographical split

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% of total			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
South Africa	1,886	3,113	4,669	92.6	93.1	93.4	65.1	50.0
Tanzania	108	146	207	5.3	4.4	4.1	35.2	41.8
DRC	25	52	79	1.2	1.6	1.6	108.0	51.9
Lesotho	16	23	31	0.8	0.7	0.6	43.8	34.8
Mozambique	3	8	16	0.1	0.2	0.3	166.7	100.0
Data revenue	2,038	3,342	5,002	100.0	100.0	100.0	64.0	49.7

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Airtime, connection and access

Vodacom's airtime, connection and access revenue increased primarily due to the number of customers increasing by 12.7% to 34.0 million.

Data

Vodacom's data revenue increased mainly due to higher penetration levels, but also due to more affordable product offerings. Vodacom South Africa transmitted 4.7 billion (2007: 4.5 billion) SMSs over its network during the year ended March 31, 2008. The number of active data users includes: MMS users 1.4 million (2007: 1.2 million); data card and USB modem users 370 thousand (2007: 149 thousand); 3G/HSDPA handsets 1.3 million (2007: 584 thousand); Vodafone live! users 1,421 thousand (2007: 899 thousand); unique Mobile TV users 31 thousand (2007: 33 thousand).

Data revenue now constitutes 11.9% (2007: 9.4%) of service revenue (service revenue excludes equipment sales, starter pack sales and non-recurring revenue). Data revenue in all countries increased substantially, reaffirming the increased consumer connectivity needs.

Interconnection

Vodacom's interconnection revenue increased by 13.4%, predominantly due to the growth in the customer base and the related increase in airtime traffic.

Equipment sales

In South Africa, handset sale volumes increased by 10.9% to 5.1 million (2007: 4.6 million) units. The growth in equipment unit sales was mainly driven by growth in customer bases, phone upgrades by customers and lower overall prices of new handsets due to more suppliers

focusing on more affordable handsets. The average price per handset sold was R1,052 compared to R1,067 in the previous financial year.

International airtime

International airtime revenue of R1.8 billion, which increased by 40.6% year on year, comprises international calls by Vodacom customers, roaming revenue from Vodacom's customers making and receiving calls whilst abroad and revenue from international visitors roaming on Vodacom's networks.

Other sales and services

Revenue from other sales and services includes revenue from Vodacom's cell captive insurance vehicle, wireless application service provider ("WASP") revenue, site sharing rental income as well as other revenue from non-core operations.

PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

Geographical split

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
South Africa	8,602	10,293	11,669	19.7	13.4
Tanzania	263	346	460	31.6	32.9
DRC	117	277	364	136.8	31.4
Lesotho	51	75	123	47.1	64.0
Mozambique	(144)	(177)	(157)	(22.9)	11.3
Holding companies	(23)	46	32	>200.0	(30.4)
Profit from operations	8,866	10,860	12,491	22.5	15.0
Profit from operations margin (%)	26.0	26.4	25.9	0.4	(0.5)

Profit from operations for the Group increased by 15.0% to R12.5 billion, based on revenue growth of 17.1% which was offset by cost increases in all operations in a rising inflationary environment

and the start up costs of Vodacom Business. Operating expenses increased by 17.8% compared to revenue growth of 17.1%, resulting in Vodacom's profit from operations margin decreasing to

25.9% (2007: 26.4%).

The Mozambique loss from operations includes an impairment of assets of R29.9 million (2007: R22.9 million).

EBITDA

Geographical split

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
South Africa	11,053	12,963	14,790	17.3	14.1
Tanzania	465	584	765	25.6	31.0
DRC	373	603	745	61.7	23.5
Lesotho	67	97	139	44.8	43.3
Mozambique	(129)	(69)	(32)	46.5	53.6
Holding companies	(20)	49	56	> 200.0	14.3
EBITDA	11,809	14,227	16,463	20.5	15.7
EBITDA margin (%)	34.7	34.6	34.2	(0.1)	(0.4)
EBITDA margin excluding equipment sales (%)	39.9	39.9	39.3	-	(0.6)

Vodacom's EBITDA margin adjusted for the impact of low margin cellular phone and equipment sales at 39.3% was 0.6% lower than the previous year at 39.9%.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses composition

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	2,943	3,384	3,941	15.0	16.5
Payments to other network operators	4,634	5,636	6,557	21.6	16.3
Other direct network operating costs	13,663	16,804	19,743	23.0	17.5
Staff expenses	2,042	2,373	2,976	16.2	25.4
Marketing and advertising	977	1,146	1,264	17.3	10.3
Other operating expenditure	1,043	1,064	1,362	2.0	28.0
Other operating income	(125)	(120)	(156)	4.0	(30.0)
Operating expenses	25,177	30,287	35,687	20.3	17.8
Operating expenses as a % of revenue (%)	74.0	73.6	74.1	(0.4)	0.5

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment

The depreciation expense is largely driven by capital expenditure on upgrading and expanding the Group's networks. Capital expenditure on network equipment has increased in recent years with the implementation and expansion of 3G/HSDPA networks, but also through coverage strategies followed in the international operations.

The implementation of IAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment, during the 2006 financial year, contributed to a lower depreciation charge for that year. Depreciation and amortisation increased by 16.5% (2007: 15.0%) to R3,941 million for the current financial year. Mozambique's asset impairment amounted to R29.9 million (2007: R22.9 million).

Payments to other network operators

Payments to other network operators increased as a result of an increased amount of outgoing traffic terminating on other cellular networks, rather than on fixed-line networks. As the cost of terminating calls on other cellular networks is materially higher than calls terminating on fixed-line networks and as mobile substitution

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increases with the growing number of total mobile users in South Africa, interconnection charges will continue increasing, putting pressure on margins.

Other direct network operating costs

Other direct network operating costs include the cost to connect customers onto the network as well as expenses such as cost of equipment and accessories sold, commissions paid to the distribution channels, customer retention expenses, regulatory and licence fees, distribution expenses, transmission rental costs as well as site and maintenance costs.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses increased primarily as a result of an increase in permanent headcount of 5.5% to

6,247 (2007: 5,920) employees in 2008. The headcount increase is mainly the result of the expansion of customer care operations, the strengthening of senior management structures to support the growth in ongoing operations and the launch of Vodacom Business. Annual salary increases and increased provisions for long-term incentive schemes also contributed to the increase in staff expenses.

Employee productivity has improved in all of Vodacom's operations, as measured by customers per employee, improving with 6.9% to 5,442 (2007: 5,093) customers per employee.

Marketing and advertising

Marketing and advertising expenses are mainly driven by advertising related to new technology products

and enhancing brand presence in all operations.

Other operating expenditure

The increase in other operating expenditure was primarily due to inflationary factors and the growth in the business. Other operating expenditure comprise of expenses such as accommodation, information technology costs, office administration, consultant expenses, social economic investment and insurance.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income that Vodacom does not consider as part of its core activities such as cost recoveries for risk management and consultancy services, franchise fees and rent received.

INTEREST, DIVIDENDS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCE COSTS

Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments analysed by category, is as follows:

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Finance income	130	75	72	(42.3)	(4.0)
Finance expenses	(246)	(369)	(681)	(50.0)	(84.6)
Gain/(loss) on foreign exchange forward contract revaluation	(261)	468	346	>200.0	(26.1)
Loss on revaluation of foreign denominated liabilities	(225)	(642)	(162)	(185.3)	74.8
(Loss)/gain on revaluation of foreign denominated assets	(27)	10	(15)	137.0	(>200.0)
Loss on interest rate swap revaluation	(7)	(10)	(10)	(42.9)	-
Gain/(loss) on sale of investments	(3)	(1)	2	66.7	>200.0
Gain on revaluation of foreign denominated cash and cash equivalents	-	6	24	-	>200.0
Total net losses on financial instruments	(639)	(463)	(424)	27.5	8.4

Remeasurement of foreign exchange contracts ("FECs"), asset and liability revaluations, interest rate swaps, cash and cash equivalents, and a gain/loss on sale of investments resulted in a net gain of R185.1 million (2007: losses of R169.1 million).

In terms of a shareholders agreement, the minority shareholder

in Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l., Congolese Wireless Network s.p.r.l. ("CWN") has a put option which comes into effect three years after the commencement date, December 1, 2001, and for a maximum of five years thereafter. In terms of the option, CWN shall be entitled to put to Vodacom International Limited such number

of shares in and claims on loan account against Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l. as constitute 19% of the entire issued share capital of that company. CWN can exercise this option in a maximum of three tranches and each tranche must consist of at least 5% of the entire issued share capital of Vodacom Congo (RDC) s.p.r.l. The option

price will be the fair market value of the related shares at the date the put option is exercised. The put option has a nil value as at March 31, 2008 and 2007. The option liability had a value of R396.5 million (2007: R249.3 million) as at March 31, 2008.

Finance costs increased by 84.6% to R681.3 million mainly due to higher bank overdraft levels utilised to fund working capital. The net debt to equity ratio increased

to 93.1% (2007: 72.8%) at March 31, 2008.

TAXATION

The taxation expense increased by 7.1% to R4.1 billion (2007: R3.8 billion) for the year ended March 31, 2008, mainly due to higher South African normal taxation paid on higher profits. Vodacom's effective tax rate however decreased to 34.1% (2007: 36.9%) primarily due to a decrease in the secondary

taxation on companies ("STC") liability incurred as a result of the reduction in the STC rate from 12.5% to 10.0% effective October 1, 2007.

GROUP SHAREHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS

Dividends declared for the 2008 financial year totalled R5,940.0 million (2007: R5,400.0 million), an increase of 10.0%. The final dividend of R3,190.0 million was paid on April 3, 2008.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Capital expenditure additions
Geographical split

Year ended March 31,	Rand millions			% of total			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
South Africa	4,384	4,993	4,252	85.3	73.9	71.8	13.9	(14.8)
Tanzania	318	957	713	6.2	14.2	12.1	>200.0	(25.5)
DRC	273	506	658	5.3	7.5	11.1	85.3	30.0
Lesotho	26	25	36	0.5	0.4	0.6	(3.8)	44.0
Mozambique	121	85	111	2.4	1.3	1.9	(29.8)	30.6
Holding companies	16	182	146	0.3	2.7	2.5	>200.0	(19.8)
Capital expenditure for the year	5,138	6,748	5,916	100.0	100.0	100.0	31.3	(12.3)
Capital expenditure additions (including software) as a % of revenue (%)	15.1	16.4	12.3	-	-	-	1.3	(4.1)

The Group's investment in infrastructure amounted to R5.9 billion (2007: R6.7 billion)

of which R4.9 billion (2007: R6.1 billion) relates to property, plant and equipment and

R1.0 billion (2007: R0.6 billion) to computer software.

Closing capital expenditure investment at cost
Geographical split

Year ended March 31,	2007		2008	
	R billions	Foreign	R billions	Foreign
South Africa (R billions)	27.3	-	31.2	-
Tanzania (TSH billions)	2.7	456.7	3.8	579.1
DRC (US\$ millions)	2.9	391.3	3.9	483.4
Lesotho (Maloti millions)	0.2	184.1	0.2	219.6
Mozambique (MT millions)	0.8	2,961.2	1.1	3,358.0
Holding companies (R billions)	0.2	-	0.1	-
Closing capital expenditure investment at cost	34.1	-	40.3	-

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Property, plant and equipment (including software) that was sold and scrapped, amounted to R706.2 million (2007: R1,956.9 million).

Foreign currency translation differences for 2008 increased cumulative capital expenditure by R1,042.1 million (2007: R793.0 million).

It is Vodacom's policy to hedge foreign denominated commitments of South African operations above a certain minimum level. However, Vodacom does not qualify for hedge accounting in terms of IAS 39 and therefore, all capital expenditure in South Africa is recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of

acceptance of the equipment. Capital expenditure of Vodacom's non-South African operations is translated at the average exchange rate of the Rand against the operation's reporting currency for the period, while closing capital expenditure is translated at the closing exchange rate of the Rand against the reporting currency. For this reason, Vodacom's capital expenditure in any given year cannot be properly evaluated without taking the exchange rate movements against the Rand into account, which are shown under the section "Financial instruments and risk management".

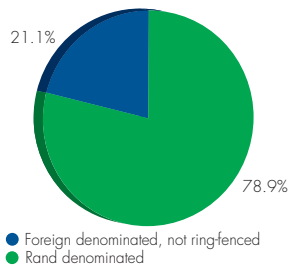
FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND FUNDING

Vodacom's net debt position increased to R5.2 billion

(2007: R2.7 billion) as at March 31, 2008. The Group's net debt to EBITDA ratio was 52.6% (2007: 42.4%) while Vodacom's net debt to equity ratio increased to 93.1% (2007: 72.8%).

Debt includes the final dividend of R3.2 billion (2007: R2.9 billion) payable to the Group's shareholders and the STC thereon, due to these dividends being paid very soon after year-end and the materiality thereof. In addition, in terms of covenant calculations, certain intangible assets as well as minority interest are excluded from equity.

Net debt composition including bank overdrafts R5.2 billion

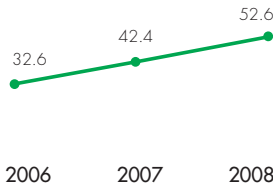


Funding sources

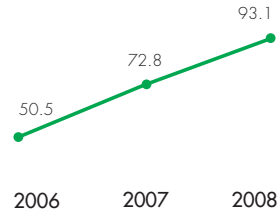
Vodacom's ongoing objective is to fund all its non-South African operations by means of project finance, structured such that there is no recourse to our South African operations. Strong South African cash flows would then be utilised principally to pay dividends and make new growth-enhancing investments. The Group utilises its own funds and supported funding structures, subject to South African Reserve Bank approval

Summary of net debt

Net debt/EBITDA %



Net debt/equity %



to fund offshore investments in the initial stages of the investment, until the project is able to support project funding. Non-recourse funding for non-South African operations is not always suitable to high customer growth environments that require substantial capital expenditure.

While Vodacom Tanzania repaid its project funding on March 31, 2008, Vodacom Congo and Vodacom Mozambique are still substantially dependent on funding

and guarantees from South Africa. These operations are funded by a mix of market priced direct loans as well as security to facilitate their own credit lines.

In South Africa, debt consists primarily of finance lease liabilities, a long-term funding loan and short-term money market borrowings at variable interest rates.

Financial instruments and risk management

Subject to central bank regulations in the various countries as well as

local market condition restrictions, Vodacom manages foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk on

an ongoing basis. The Group's risk management procedures are described fully in the Group's Annual Financial Statements.

Foreign exchange rates

Year ended March 31,	Rand exchange rate			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
US Dollar					
Average	6.40	7.05	7.11	10.2	0.9
Closing	6.19	7.29	8.13	17.8	11.5
Tanzanian Shilling					
Average	180.72	182.02	171.95	0.7	(5.5)
Closing	198.03	170.83	151.99	(13.7)	(11.0)
Mozambican Metical					
Average	3.89	3.73	3.57	(4.1)	(4.3)
Closing	4.37	3.63	2.99	(16.9)	(17.6)

CASH FLOW

Vodacom had a positive free cash flow before shareholder distributions and financing activities of R3.4 billion (2007: R3.7 billion), a decrease of 8.0% when compared to the previous year due to investments in Smart companies amounting to R956.5 million. The cash generated from operations of R16.3 billion had a positive

variance of R2.5 billion (2007: positive variance of R2.8 billion) compared to the previous year.

CONCLUSION

As the Vodacom Group embraces the opportunities of a new era of electronic communications, we face exciting yet challenging times. We will nurture and grow our traditional mobile telephony

business in five countries of operation while entering the wider world of providing convergence infrastructure and services.

Oyama Mabandla
Non-executive Chairman

Alan Knott-Craig
Chief Executive Officer

SEGMENT KEY OPERATIONAL INDICATORS

VODACOM SOUTH AFRICA

KEY INDICATORS	Year ended March 31,			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Customers (thousands) ¹	19,162	23,004	24,821	20.1	7.9
Contract	2,362	3,013	3,541	27.6	17.5
Prepaid	16,770	19,896	21,177	18.6	6.4
Community services	30	95	103	>200.0	8.4
Gross connections (thousands)	9,140	10,859	12,040	18.8	10.9
Contract	506	666	782	31.6	17.4
Prepaid	8,618	10,124	11,248	17.5	11.1
Community services	16	69	10	>200.0	(85.5)
Inactives (3 months - %)	8.7	10.7	10.3	2.0 pts	(0.4 pts)
Contract	2.4	3.1	4.0	0.7 pts	0.9 pts
Prepaid	9.6	11.8	11.4	2.2 pts	(0.4 pts)
Churn (%) ²	17.7	33.8	42.3	16.1 pts	8.5 pts
Contract	10.0	9.7	8.3	(0.3 pts)	(1.4 pts)
Prepaid	18.8	37.5	47.9	18.7 pts	10.4 pts
Traffic (millions of minutes) ³	17,066	20,383	22,769	19.4	11.7
Outgoing	11,354	13,638	15,323	20.1	12.4
Incoming	5,712	6,745	7,446	18.1	10.4
ARPU (Rand per month) ⁴	139	125	125	(10.1)	-
Contract	572	517	486	(9.6)	(6.0)
Prepaid	69	63	62	(8.7)	(1.6)
Community services	1,796	902	689	(49.8)	(23.6)
Minutes of use per month ⁵	74	69	66	(6.8)	(4.3)
Contract	206	188	172	(8.7)	(8.5)
Prepaid	49	47	46	(4.1)	(2.1)
Community services	2,327	1,151	883	(50.5)	(23.3)
Gross capex spend (Rand millions) ⁶	4,384	4,993	4,251	13.9	(14.9)
Capex as a % of revenue (%)	14.1	13.5	9.9	(0.6 pts)	(3.6 pts)
Cumulative capex (Rand millions) ⁶	24,095	27,310	30,742	13.3	12.6
Capex per customer (Rand)	1,257	1,187	1,239	(5.6)	4.4
Number of employees	4,148	4,388	4,504	5.8	2.6
Customers per employee	4,619	5,242	5,511	13.5	5.1
Estimated mobile penetration (%) ⁷	71	84	94	13 pts	10 pts
Estimated mobile market share (%) ⁷	58	58	55	-	(3.0 pts)

Notes

- Customer totals are based on the total number of customers registered on Vodacom's network, which have not been disconnected, including inactive customers, as at the end of the period indicated.
- Churn is calculated by dividing the average monthly number of disconnections during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period.
- Traffic comprises total traffic registered on Vodacom's network, including bundled minutes, outgoing international roaming calls and calls to free services, but excluding national roaming and incoming international roaming calls.
- ARPU is calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. ARPU excludes revenue from equipment sales, other sales and services and revenue from national and international users roaming on Vodacom's networks.
- Minutes of use per month is calculated by dividing the average monthly minutes during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. Minutes of use exclude calls to free services, bundled minutes and data minutes.
- Cumulative capital expenditure ("capex") includes software.
- Estimated mobile penetration and market share is calculated based on Vodacom's total reported customers and the estimated total reported customers of MTN and Cell C.

VODACOM TANZANIA

KEY INDICATORS	Year ended March 31,			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Customers (thousands) ¹	2,091	3,247	4,207	55.3	29.6
Contract	7	14	16	100.0	14.3
Prepaid	2,081	3,223	4,181	54.9	29.7
Community services	3	10	10	>200.0	-
Gross connections (thousands)	1,353	2,092	2,645	54.6	26.4
Churn (%)	28.5	35.6	45.5	7.1 pts	9.9 pts
ARPU (Rand) ²	67	52	49	(22.4)	(5.8)
Gross capex spend (Rand millions)	318	957	713	>200.0	(25.5)
Capex as a % of revenue (%)	24.3	55.3	30.3	31.0 pts	(25.0 pts)
Cumulative capex (Rand millions)	1,503	2,674	3,810	77.9	42.5
Number of employees ³	438	527	618	20.3	17.3
Customers per employee	4,774	6,161	6,807	29.1	10.5
Estimated mobile penetration (%) ⁴	9	16	20	7 pts	4 pts
Estimated mobile market share (%) ⁴	58	55	52	(3 pts)	(3 pts)

VODACOM CONGO

KEY INDICATORS	Year ended March 31,			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Customers (thousands) ¹	1,571	2,632	3,289	67.5	25.0
Contract	14	17	21	21.4	23.5
Prepaid	1,538	2,587	3,209	68.2	24.0
Community services	19	28	59	47.4	110.7
Gross connections (thousands)	892	1,688	2,141	89.2	26.8
Churn (%)	28.1	30.4	48.0	2.3 pts	17.6 pts
ARPU (Rand) ²	86	77	59	(10.5)	(23.4)
Gross capex spend (Rand millions)	273	506	658	85.3	30.0
Capex as a % of revenue (%)	20.5	26.4	28.7	5.9 pts	2.3 pts
Cumulative capex (Rand millions)	2,000	2,852	3,928	42.6	37.7
Number of employees ³	479	627	691	30.9	10.2
Customers per employee	3,279	4,198	4,759	28.0	13.4
Estimated mobile penetration (%) ⁴	6	9	12	3 pts	3 pts
Estimated mobile market share (%) ⁴	48	47	41	(1 pt)	(6 pts)

Notes

1. Customer totals are based on the total number of customers registered on Vodacom's network, which have not been disconnected, including inactive customers, as at the end of the period indicated.
2. ARPU is calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. ARPU excludes revenue from equipment sales, other sales and services and revenue from national and international users roaming on Vodacom's networks.
3. Headcount includes secondees.
4. Estimated mobile penetration and market share is calculated based on Vodacom estimates.

SEGMENT KEY OPERATIONAL INDICATORS

VODACOM LESOTHO

KEY INDICATORS	Year ended March 31,			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Customers (thousands) ¹	206	279	395	35.4	41.6
Contract	3	3	4	-	33.3
Prepaid	200	272	383	36.0	40.8
Community services	3	4	8	33.3	100.0
Gross connections (thousands)	98	119	176	21.4	47.9
Churn (%)	22.3	19.0	17.8	(3.3 pts)	(1.2 pts)
ARPU (Rand) ²	78	75	73	(3.8)	(2.7)
Gross capex spend (Rand millions)	26	25	36	(3.8)	44.0
Capex as a % of revenue (%)	15.2	11.0	11.6	(4.2 pts)	0.6 pts
Cumulative capex (Rand millions)	225	184	220	(18.2)	19.6
Number of employees ³	67	60	70	(10.4)	16.7
Customers per employee	3,071	4,644	5,642	51.2	21.5
Estimated mobile penetration (%) ⁴	13	17	26	4 pts	9 pts
Estimated mobile market share (%) ⁴	80	80	80	-	-

VODACOM MOZAMBIQUE

KEY INDICATORS	Year ended March 31,			% change	
	2006	2007	2008	06/07	07/08
Customers (thousands) ¹	490	988	1,282	101.6	29.8
Contract	8	15	21	87.5	40
Prepaid	482	973	1,250	101.9	28.5
Community services	-	-	11	n/a	n/a
Gross connections (thousands)	342	797	951	133.0	19.3
Churn (%)	32.2	41.7	58.7	9.5 pts	17.0 pts
ARPU (Rand) ²	36	28	29	(22.2)	3.6
Gross capex spend (Rand millions)	121	85	111	(29.8)	30.6
Capex as a % of revenue (%)	76.8	31.7	25.7	(45.1 pts)	(6.0 pts)
Cumulative capex (Rand millions)	605	816	1,123	34.9	37.6
Number of employees ³	170	129	157	(24.1)	21.7
Customers per employee	2,885	7,659	8,168	165.5	6.6
Estimated mobile penetration (%) ⁴	8	14	16	6 pts	2 pts
Estimated mobile market share (%) ⁴	30	35	40	5 pts	5 pts

Notes

1. Customer totals are based on the total number of customers registered on Vodacom's network, which have not been disconnected, including inactive customers, as at the end of the period indicated.
2. ARPU is calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue during the period by the average monthly total reported customer base during the period. ARPU excludes revenue from equipment sales, other sales and services and revenue from national and international users roaming on Vodacom's networks.
3. Headcount includes secondees.
4. Estimated mobile penetration and market share is calculated based on Vodacom estimates.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS



for the three years ended March 31, 2008

	2006 Rm	2007 Rm	2008 Rm
Revenue	34,042.5	41,146.4	48,177.8
Other operating income	125.1	119.8	155.6
Direct network operating cost	(18,297.2)	(22,439.8)	(26,299.5)
Depreciation	(2,651.6)	(2,901.8)	(3,366.0)
Staff expenses	(2,042.1)	(2,372.5)	(2,975.4)
Marketing and advertising expenses	(976.9)	(1,146.4)	(1,264.3)
Other operating expenses	(1,042.7)	(1,063.6)	(1,362.4)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(344.2)	(459.4)	(545.2)
Impairment of assets	52.8	(22.9)	(29.9)
Profit from operations	8,865.7	10,859.8	12,490.7
Finance income	129.9	74.5	72.3
Finance costs	(246.0)	(369.3)	(681.3)
Gains/(Losses) on remeasurement and disposal of financial instruments	(523.1)	(169.0)	185.1
Profit before taxation	8,226.5	10,396.0	12,066.8
Taxation	(3,083.7)	(3,836.0)	(4,109.2)
Net profit	5,142.8	6,560.0	7,957.6
Attributable to:			
Equity shareholders	5,026.1	6,342.4	7,811.4
Minority interests	116.7	217.6	146.2
	2006 R	2007 R	2008 R
Basic and diluted earnings per share	502,610	634,240	781,140
Dividend per share	450,000	540,000	594,000

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

as at March 31, 2008

	2006 Rm	2007 Rm	2008 Rm
ASSETS			
Non-current assets	16,079.2	20,844.3	24,468.3
Property, plant and equipment	13,386.6	17,073.2	19,119.6
Intangible assets	1,954.9	2,700.3	4,224.1
Financial assets	92.1	209.5	244.2
Deferred taxation	297.6	386.1	455.1
Deferred cost	311.2	396.4	333.3
Lease assets	36.8	78.8	92.0
Current assets	8,688.6	7,625.9	9,706.9
Deferred cost	451.8	574.8	705.9
Financial assets	149.3	207.5	444.9
Inventory	454.3	364.3	636.9
Trade and other receivables	4,474.0	5,675.0	6,801.1
Lease assets	13.1	32.9	140.5
Cash and cash equivalents	3,146.1	771.4	977.6
Total assets	24,767.8	28,470.2	34,175.2
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Ordinary share capital	*	*	*
Retained earnings	8,583.0	9,523.2	11,392.9
Non-distributable reserves	(194.0)	(97.4)	8.8
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	8,389.0	9,425.8	11,401.7
Minority interests	283.3	221.2	403.6
Total equity	8,672.3	9,647.0	11,805.3
Non-current liabilities	2,236.6	3,812.1	4,788.2
Interest bearing debt	819.2	2,051.4	3,025.8
Non-interest bearing debt	-	3.0	6.0
Deferred taxation	602.3	757.3	776.5
Deferred revenue	320.3	412.3	358.8
Provisions	372.3	377.5	373.7
Other non-current liabilities	122.5	210.6	247.4
Current liabilities	13,858.9	15,011.1	17,581.7
Trade and other payables	5,104.7	6,874.4	7,561.3
Deferred revenue	1,604.5	1,904.8	2,229.9
Taxation payable	630.2	1,112.7	580.5
Non-interest bearing debt	4.3	-	-
Interest bearing debt	1,645.5	501.0	502.9
Provisions	623.0	741.8	909.5
Dividends payable	2,800.0	2,990.0	3,190.0
Derivative financial liabilities	60.9	7.2	10.8
Bank borrowings	1,385.8	879.2	2,596.8
Total equity and liabilities	24,767.8	28,470.2	34,175.2

* Share capital R100

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY



for the three years ended March 31, 2008

	Attributable to equity shareholders					
	Share capital	Retained earnings	Non-distributable reserves	Total	Minority interests	Total equity
	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm
Balance at March 31, 2005	*	8,059.1	(299.9)	7,759.2	128.7	7,887.9
Net profit for the period	-	5,026.1	-	5,026.1	116.7	5,142.8
Dividends declared	-	(4,500.0)	-	(4,500.0)	(0.9)	(4,500.9)
Business combinations and other acquisitions	-	-	-	-	46.5	46.5
Minority shares of VM, S.A.R.L.	-	-	-	-	8.0	8.0
Contingency reserve	-	(2.2)	2.2	-	-	-
Net gains and losses not recognised in the income statement						
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	103.9	103.9	(15.6)	88.3
Revaluation of available-for-sale investments	-	-	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.3)
Balance at March 31, 2006	*	8,583.0	(194.0)	8,389.0	283.3	8,672.3
Net profit for the period	-	6,342.4	-	6,342.4	217.6	6,560.0
Dividends declared	-	(5,400.0)	-	(5,400.0)	(170.8)	(5,570.8)
Business combinations and other acquisitions	-	-	-	-	(136.4)	(136.4)
Contingency reserve	-	(2.2)	2.2	-	-	-
Net gains and losses not recognised in the income statement						
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	94.4	94.4	27.5	121.9
Balance at March 31, 2007	*	9,523.2	(97.4)	9,425.8	221.2	9,647.0
Net profit for the period	-	7,811.4	-	7,811.4	146.2	7,957.6
Dividends declared	-	(5,940.0)	-	(5,940.0)	(0.6)	(5,940.6)
Business combinations and other acquisitions	-	-	-	-	(6.1)	(6.1)
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(0.3)	(0.3)
Minority shares of VM, S.A.R.L.	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.8
Contingency reserve	-	(1.7)	1.7	-	-	-
Net gains and losses not recognised in the income statement						
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	87.7	87.7	42.4	130.1
Revaluation of available-for-sale investments	-	-	16.8	16.8	-	16.8
Balance at March 31, 2008	*	11,392.9	8.8	11,401.7	403.6	11,805.3

* Share capital R100

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

for the three years ended March 31, 2008

	2006 Rm	2007 Rm	2008 Rm
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts from customers	33,132.7	40,380.0	47,409.6
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(22,042.4)	(26,513.9)	(31,076.1)
Cash generated from operations	11,090.3	13,866.1	16,333.5
Finance costs paid	(214.3)	(326.6)	(669.6)
Finance income received	124.1	41.7	74.3
Realised net losses on remeasurement and disposal of financial instruments	(17.6)	(38.8)	(151.0)
Taxation paid	(2,980.3)	(3,303.3)	(4,721.5)
Dividends paid – equity shareholders	(3,500.0)	(5,300.0)	(5,650.0)
Dividends paid – minority shareholders	(0.9)	(80.8)	(90.6)
Net cash flows from operating activities	4,501.3	4,858.3	5,125.1
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(4,788.4)	(5,955.3)	(6,540.6)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	31.2	98.3	10.2
Business combinations and other acquisitions	(0.1)	(591.2)	(956.5)
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	15.7
Other investing activities	(33.5)	(135.7)	(31.0)
Net cash flows utilised in investing activities	(4,790.8)	(6,583.9)	(7,502.2)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Non-interest bearing debt incurred	-	3.0	-
Non-interest bearing debt repaid	-	-	(3.0)
Interest bearing debt incurred	32.3	6.0	1,000.0
Interest bearing debt repaid	(89.7)	(141.3)	(117.5)
Finance lease capital repaid	(50.2)	(67.7)	(108.9)
Bank borrowings	-	-	2,456.0
Share capital and premium movement of minority shareholders	-	-	7.2
Net cash flows from/(utilised) in financing activities	(107.6)	(200.0)	3,233.8
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	(397.1)	(1,925.6)	856.7
(Bank borrowings)/cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,173.0	1,760.3	(107.8)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(15.6)	57.5	87.9
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS/ (BANK BORROWINGS) AT THE END OF THE YEAR	1,760.3	(107.8)	836.8

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